

UK and US political vocabulary and political systems

Are the things below about the UK/ USA/ both? (Most are only about one of those countries)

- Backbenches/ Backbenchers
- Buck House
- Buckingham Palace
- Cabinet
- Camp David
- Chancellor (of the Exchequer)
- Chequers
- Coalition government
- Confirmation hearings
- Congress
- Cross-bench
- Downing Street
- Filibustering
- Foreign Secretary
- Governor
- Heir to the throne
- His Majesty's Government
- Home Secretary
- House of Commons
- House of Lords
- House of Representatives
- Houses of Parliament
- Independent candidates
- Labour (= The Labour Party)
- Leader of the House
- Leader of the Opposition
- Mayor
- Member of Parliament
- Monarch
- MP
- Number 10
- Number 11
- Peers
- PM
- President
- Primaries
- Prime Minister
- Senate
- Speaker
- Supreme Court
- Term limits
- The Conservatives (= The Conservative Party)
- The Constitution
- The Democrats (= The Democratic Party)



- The GOP
- The Palace of Westminster
- The King's Speech
- The Republicans (= The Republican Party)
- The right to bear arms
- The First Amendment
- The Tories
- The White House
- Two-party system
- Westminster
- Whips
- Whitehall

Which things above are different words for the same thing?

Which things in the two different systems are more or less equivalent?

These things have different meanings in the two countries. What are they?

- Red
- Blue
- Conservative
- Liberal

Which country's system seems more similar to your country's? What are the similarities and differences?

Try to explain your own country's political system.

Explain what you know about recent political stories, using vocabulary from above if you can.



Answer key

- Backbenches/ Backbenchers UK
- Buck House/ Buckingham Palace UK
- Cabinet Both (though only the UK has a real cabinet system)
- Camp David US equivalent to Chequers UK
- Chancellor (of the Exchequer) UK
- Coalition government UK
- Confirmation hearings US
- Cross-bench UK
- Downing Street/ Number 10 UK equivalent to White House US
- Filibustering both (though only formally part of the debates in the US)
- Foreign Secretary UK
- Governor US (though most British overseas territories and Commonwealth countries still have governors)
- Heir to the throne UK
- Her Majesty's Government UK
- Home Secretary UK
- House of Commons UK equivalent to House of Representatives US
- House of Lords UK equivalent to Senate US
- Houses of Parliament/ Westminster/ The Palace of Westminster UK equivalent to Congress – US
- Independent candidates both
- Labour (= The Labour Party) equivalent to the Democrats US
- Leader of the House US
- Leader of the Opposition UK
- Mayor both
- Member of Parliament/ MP UK
- Monarch UK
- Number 11 UK
- Peers UK
- PM/ Prime Minister UK
- President US
- Primaries US
- Speaker both
- Supreme Court both
- Term limits US
- The Conservatives (= The Conservative Party)/ The Tories UK equivalent to Republicans/ GOP – US
- The Constitution US
- The King's Speech UK
- The right to bear arms US
- The First Amendment US
- Two-party system US (though the UK system usually works out that way)
- Whips UK
- Whitehall UK