

Student Loans

In most lines, there is a word which should not be there. In the spaces on the right, write the incorrect word or put a tick to show that the line is correct.

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| 1. In England, full-time undergraduate students are eligible for a student loan for | 1. for (2) |
| 2. to pay university tuition fees. The student loans are paid for the university directly | 2. for |
| 3. on behalf of the students and students only have to pay them back once they have | 3. ✓ |
| 4. graduated or left from university and are earning over £15,000. | 4. from |
| 5. The government has decided to let universities to vary the tuition fees they charge | 5. to |
| 6. students. Universities can charge anything from nothing to £3,000 per a year. To | 6. per/a |
| 7. charge higher rates, universities must to promote fair access, so that students from | 7. ✓ |
| 8. all the backgrounds are encouraged to apply. | 8. the |
| 9. Students from more lower income families are entitled to a maintenance grant | 9. more |
| 10. which does not have to be repaid back. Universities also have to offer bursaries | 10. back |
| 11. to these students if the fees are higher than the grant, though this can take various | 11. ✓ |
| 12. forms of the financial assistance. | 12. the |
| 13. The government hopes that the grants and bursaries will enable students from | 13. ✓ |
| 14. poorer backgrounds to enter in university without getting burdened with | 14. in |
| 15. the debt. They also say that they will write off any the balance of any unpaid | 15. the (1) |
| 16. student loans 25 years after the student has graduated, though this does not extend | 16. ✓ |
| 17. to amounts in the arrears. | 17. the |