

English through history debate topics

Choose a question below, then flip a coin to decide if you can ask it to someone else (heads) or have to answer yourself (tails = tell). Discuss it if you like, then take turns doing the same for other questions below.

OR

Choose a topic from below, use a coin to decide who takes which side and debate it.

- Imagine Neanderthals have just been discovered living somewhere. Have a
 parliamentary debate on whether they should be given the same rights as homo sapiens
 (= us). If not, what rights should they have? If you decide that they should, have another
 debate on whether apes and/ or monkeys should have increased rights too.
- Was the appeasement of Hitler a mistake, or did it give the Allies time to prepare for WWII?
- Should denying the Holocaust or other genocide like the massacre of Armenians in Turkey be a crime?
- Should the main aim of history lessons be the teaching of national pride?
- Should central government be allowed to approve history textbooks or curricula?
- Should former colonial powers have to pay compensation to their former colonies?
- Should historical artefacts be returned to their original countries, even if it is hundreds of years later?
- Should aboriginal people have special rights to the land of a country, even if the other people have been there for hundreds of years?
- On reflection, was colonisation mainly a good or bad thing?
- Should school history lessons concentrate on world history or the history of your country?
- Should history be taught, or should students just be shown how to research periods and topics that they are interested in?
- Is it the business of foreign countries, e.g. ex-colonies, how they are represented in the textbooks of other countries?
- Should it be possible to sue governments for historical crimes of different governments in the same country?
- Should the crimes of previous governments (e.g. military regimes) be punished, forgiven, or forgotten?
- Can you find any examples of a justified attack on another country in history?
- If a part of the history of your country could make you ashamed of your ancestors, should it be avoided in school history lessons?
- Are historical dramas, novels and films a good way of teaching history, despite their inaccuracies?
- Is history an important subject in schools, or should it be relegated to a lesser role while more practical subjects like business studies are promoted more?

If	hadn't happened,	would	it have	been a	good	or	bad
thing?					_		
Was	inevitable	e, or cou	uld it hav	ve been	stoppe	ed?	

Ask about any questions which you couldn't understand, avoided, are not sure that you answered correctly, etc, discussing them as a class each time.

Make up similar questions about history for each other.